# StreamCom: Business Analysis and System Design Specification

(Deliverables: M2, M7)

Technical Report # IC/2002/037

Pavel Balabko Hien Dat TRAN Alain Wegmann

Institute for computer Communications and Applications Swiss Federal Institute of Technology – Lausanne EPFL-DSC-ICA CH-1015 Lausanne, Switzerland

{ <u>pavel.palabko@epfl.ch</u>, <u>alain.wegmann@epfl.ch</u>, <u>hiendat.tran@epfl.ch</u>}

# September 2001

### **Table Of Contents**

STREAMCOM: BUSINESS ANALYSIS AND SYSTEM DESIGN SPECIFICAT	'ION1
TECHNICAL REPORT V.2 (DELIVERABLES: M2, M7)	1
1. INTRODUCTION	5
2. BUSINESS ANALYSIS SPEC	7
2.1. COLLABORATION MODEL	
2.2.1. Sell and Get a Service	
Sell and Get a Service	
Sell and Get a Service Activity Diagram.	
Sell a Service	
Actors in Sell a Service	
Get a Service	
Actors in Get a Service	
"StreamCom General Architecture": an Example of the Business Scenario	19
3. IT SYSTEM DESIGN	21
Activity Diagram : Choose Service	22
Activity Diagram: Buy Online Stream and Ticket Distribution	23
Conceptual Model : ClientSystem View-Point	
Conceptual Model: RetailerSystem View-Point	
Conceptual Model: BBystem View-Point	28
Conceptual Model: KeyServer View-Point	
Conceptual Model : Ticket	
3.1.1. Get a Service	
Activity Diagram : Get a Service in particular	
Pattern of Get a Service	
Conceptual Model : ClientSystem View-Point	
Conceptual Model : Contentsystem View-Fornt	
Conceptual Model : BBSystem View-Point	
3.1.2. Payment	
Payment	
4. IT SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION	
4.1. SELL AND GET A SERVICE	
4.1.1. Sell a Service	
Sequence Diagram : Choose a Service	
Sequence Diagram: Buy a Service	
Logical Desgin Class Diagram : Client System View-Point	
Logical Design Class Diagram : RetailerSystem View-Point	
Logical Design Class Diagram : BBSystem View-Point	
Logical Desgin Class Diagram: KeyServer View-Point	
Interfaces in Get a Service	
4.1.2. Get a Service	
Sequence Diagram : Get a Service	
Logical Design Class Diagram : ClientSystem View-Point	
Logical Design Class Diagram : ContentServer View-Point	
Logical Design Class Diagram : KeyServer View-Point	
increaces in Oct a Scivice	00

4.1.3.	Redeem	51
Redeer	m	51

# 1.Introduction

This report represents the work of several people within the framework of the StreamCom project. This work, done together with our colleges from the University of St. Gallen<sup>1</sup>, covers the modeling part of StreamCom. The aim of the modeling part of the StreamCom project includes the following goals (see Figure 1):

- Specify the main business actors, business activities and business environment for the StreamCom project (done by ICA).
- Specify the Generic Components model for streamed information distribution (done by MCM).
- Provide a system design that specifies one of the possible system's behaviors that is based on the StreamCom Business Analysis and use the StreamCom Generic Component model (done by ICA).

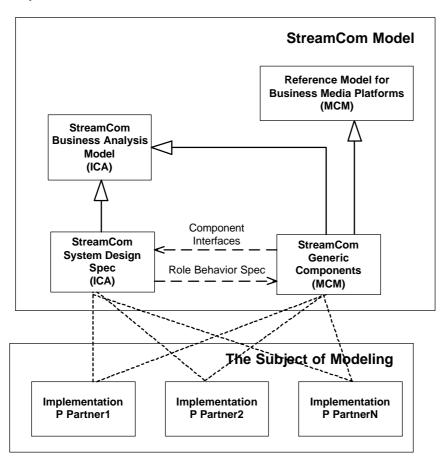


Figure 1 Main Modeling Deliverables

-

<sup>1</sup> See: Markus Greunz, Katarina Stanoevska-Slabeva « Generic Components that enable Business Models for Content Streaming», Universität St. Gallen – Hochschule für Wirtschafts-, Rechts- und Sozialwissenschaften (HSG)

The StreamCom Business Analysis Model done by ICA uses generic actors and generic business actions (or collaborations), represented in the StreamCom Generic Components Model. According to the General System Theory<sup>2</sup>, any "system is inseparable from its environment". This means that the consideration of the environment of a system is important in understanding the system itself. That is way one of the main goals of the business analysis is to consider the environment of systems that can be build on the base of the StraemCom platform. In this work we have considered the following business actors in the StreamCom environment: Ads Provider, Stream Owner, Stream Publisher, Monitor Company (see the Section 2.1).

The StreamCom Generic Components part is done by MCM. "Components of a generic business model can be viewed as a template for specific business models which factors out a set of assumptions that all specific business models derived from it will have in common while leaving open some aspects that are to be decided on a case by case basis"

The SteamCom System Design Specification<sup>3</sup> describes one of several possible design choices that can be done based accordingly to StramCom Business Analysis model. The presented here design corresponds to the implementation of the demonstrator done by programming partners. The SteamCom System Design Specification complements the Generic Component Model. While the Generic Components model specifies components for the StreamCom platform, the System Design model specifies the example of system behavior that can be built using such components.

Let's also note that this report as well as the report provided by MCM does not specify all the technical details of implementations provided by StreamCom programming partners. Specification artifacts allow to understand the overall project ideas and to see how technical solutions from different partners can be integrated into one system.

This report was automatically was build from the UML model done in the Rational Rose case tool<sup>4</sup>. The structure of this report is the following: In section 2 of this report we show the specification of the StreamCom Business Analysis Model (Deliverable M.2 accordingly to the plan of the project). In section 3 of this report we show the implementation model (Deliverable M.7 accordingly to the plan of the project).

3 The System Design specification still can have some minor changes till the end of the project.

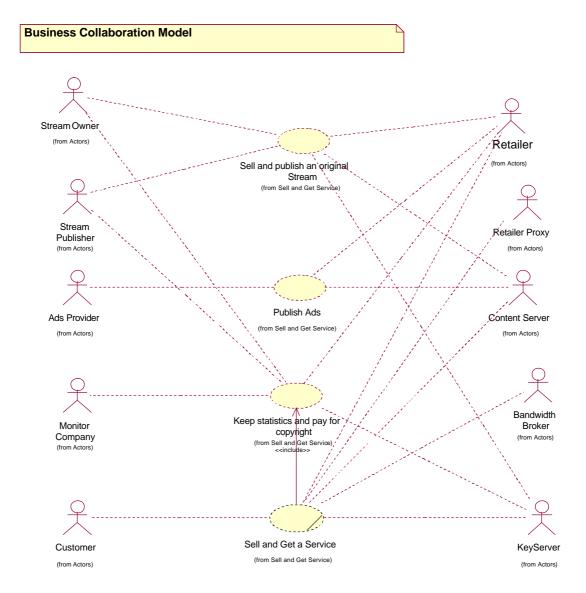
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> L. Von Bertalanffy, *General System Theory*. New York: George Braziller, 1968

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> To get the Rational Rose model please send a request to Pavel Balabko: pavel.balabko@epfl.ch

# 2. Business Analysis Spec

The Business Analysis Specification represents the result of the analysis of several existing systems dealing with streaming of the information over the Internet and the environment of these systems. Here we show just only the resulting model that gives the business context for systems based on the StreamCom framework. For details on the analysis see <a href="http://in3www.epfl.ch/~pbalabko/Projects/StreamCom/AsIsToBeModels.pdf">http://in3www.epfl.ch/~pbalabko/Projects/StreamCom/AsIsToBeModels.pdf</a>

# 2.1. Collaboration Model



#### **Glossary**

#### **Ads Provider**

An Ads Provider provides advertisement to Retailer in order to give it to Customer

#### **Stream Owner**

A Stream Owner owns streams he wants to sell on the market

#### **Stream Publisher**

A Stream Publisher prepares streams for reselling

#### **Monitor Company**

A Monitoring Company observes all the traffic activity of selling streams

#### **Customer**

A Customer is anyone who is interested in getting or previewing a Stream

#### **KeyServer**

A Key Server works like a Digital Rigth Manager. It is responsible for the digital keys distribution used for encrypting and decrypting online streams

#### **Bandwidth Broker**

A BandWidth Broker BB is responsible for the bandwidth reservation

#### **Content Server**

A Content Server disseminates service to Customer by broadcasting encrypted message which is a part of a stream

#### Retailer

A Retailer sells streams (provided by the Content Provider) to Customer **Retailer Proxy** 

Retailer Proxy goal is to collects offers from different customers and matching them in an optimal way. This optimization results in SLA/OLAs messages send to a retailer.

# 2.2. <u>Collaboration Spec</u>

### 2.2.1. <u>Sell and Get a Service</u>

#### **Documentation:**

#### Purpose:

The Purpose of this collaboration is to sell a Service from a Retailer to a Member. The service can be provided in the form of CDs, DVDs or on-line streams.

#### Participants:

One Member (Customer) who buys the stream

One Retailer who sells the Stream

Retailer Proxy who collects and optimizes customer requests.

One Content Server who broadcasts the stream (in case of Online Stream)

One KeyServer who sells keys for security (in case of Online Stream)

One Bandwidth Broker who reserves for bandwidth requirement (in case of Online Stream)

#### **Pre-Conditions:**

ServiceCatalog exists

Credit card number exists

#### Policies:

The Member should be provided with an on-line stream version of the service when he buys it on CD or DVD.

Customer can get on-line service just on the specified computer (due to reservation)

A Stream can include ads from the Ads provider

The Bandwidth Broker should reserve required bandwidth for on-line stream.

The Retailer has the right to start a bandwidth reservation

Relationships between Retailer, Content Server, Key Server, Bandwidth Broker exist.

#### Non-functional Requirements (Security Requirements):

Any exchange of information between Participants should be done in a secure way.

Customer and Retailer should exchange money against ticket using fair-exchange protocol.

Retailer and Content Server should be able to identify clients that using provided services illegally.

#### Post-condition:

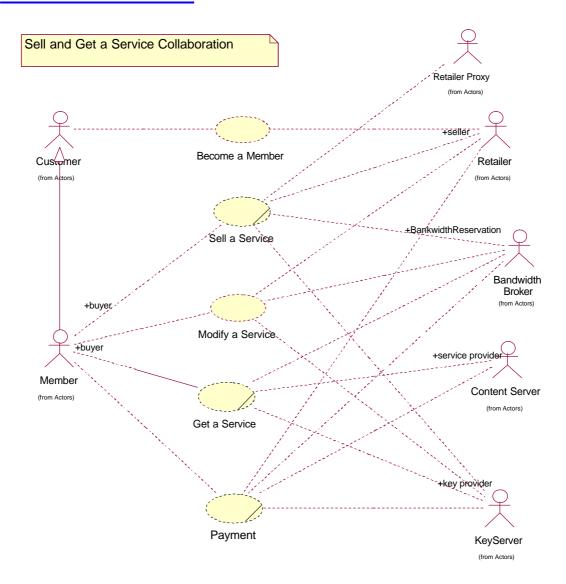
PC1. A Customer became a Member (for the first time only)

PC2. A Customer got a Service (content and keys).

- PC3. A Retailer got money from the Customer.
- PC4. A Content Server, A Key Server and A Bandwidth Broker got money from the Retailer for co-operatively providing stream content to a customer (by means of redeeming tickets).
  - PC4. A Client got Service Level Agreement (SLA)
  - PC5. A Retailer Proxy got Operational Level Agreement (OLA)
  - PC6. A KeyServer got a ticket and micro-payments from the client.
  - PC7. A Retailer got confirmation of QoS with OLA.

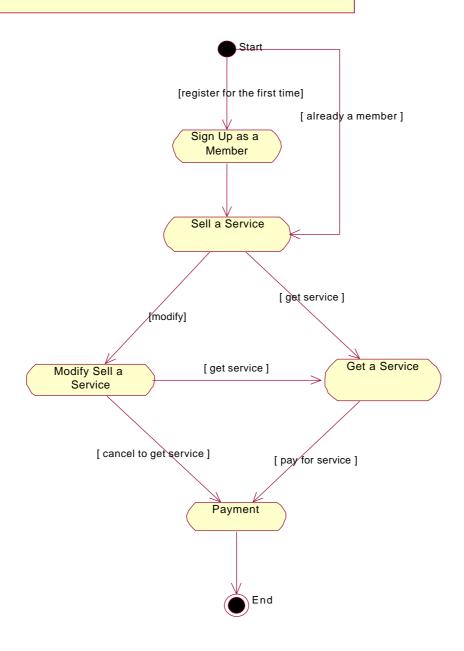
Note: The stream can be copied to the user device like CD, or MP3 player (if the customer does not have any copy restrictions).

# Sell and Get a Service



# **Sell and Get a Service Activity Diagram**

#### Main Activites of Sell and Get a Service



#### Sell a Service

#### **Documentation:**

#### Purpose:

The purpose of this collaboration is that a Member gets a Service (on-line stream Ticket or hard copy) of his choice from a Retailer and pays for it with a credit card. In the case of an on-line stream, the Member also gets a Ticket and a key that allows him to start the Video

#### Parameters:

Identification information (MemberId and Password, RetailerId, ContentServerId ...)

Name of the service (video or TV channel)

Service information

Bandwidth require

Payment information (ex: credit card number).

#### **Pre-Conditions:**

ServiceCatalog exists

Relationships between Retailer, Content Server, Key Server, Bandwidth Broker exist

#### **Post-Conditions:**

A Customer became a member of Retailer (for the first time only)

A Member got a Ticket and key

A keyServer got a TicketID (or Ticket)

A bandwidth reservation is done by Bandwidth Broker

A Retailer got a reference to the Customer's paying facilities (credit card, or address for issuing a bill)

A customer got hard copy (not mandatory)

#### Non-functional Requirements (Security Requirements):

Any exchange of information between Participants should be done in a secure way. Customer and Retailer should exchange money against ticket using fair-exchange protocol.

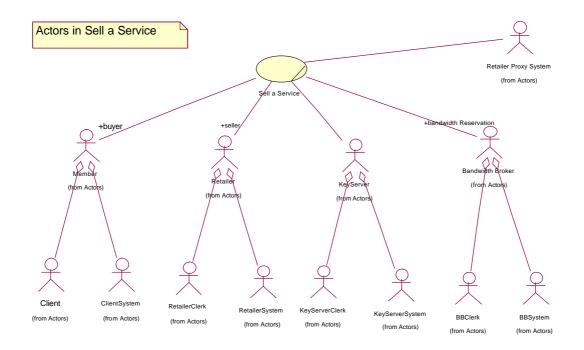
#### **Basic Course of Events:**

- 1. [A new Service Provider] registers at Retailer.
- 2. [Client] Registers in the system.
- 3. [Retailer] Sends information (Mainly it is some advertisement information, some bonuses, special offers, based on the UserProfile).
- 4. [Member] Chooses a service title and type (on-line stream, DVD, CD) and specifies the number of minutes/views/copies. The Member can see the service description and preview if necessary.
- 5. [Client] sends requests SLA message to RetailerProxy.
- 6. [RetailerProxy] sends a OLR message to Retailer.
- 7. [Retailer] sends request for QoS accordingly to OLR to BB

- 8. [Bandwidth Broker] Setup bandwidth reservation and sends confirmation message to Retailer.
- 9. [Retailer] sends the OLA message to RetailerProxy and price information to Client
- 10. [RetailerProxy] sends the SLA message to Client
- 11. [Client] Enters payment information (credit card number or address for issuing a bill).
- 12. [Retailer] create a Ticket and sends a Ticket to Customer.

7/6/02

#### Actors in Sell a Service



# Get a Service

#### **Documentation:**

#### Purpose:

The Purpose of this UC is to get a Service bought in the "Buy a Service" UC and specified by the TicketId. A customer can get the service in several pieces that are broadcasted by the Content Server.

Note: A customer can get his Service (stream) in the "hard copy" (in form of CD, DVD etc). The ticket is not used in that case.

#### Parameters;

TicketId

Ticket, Key

#### **Pre-Conditions:**

Customer had a Ticket and key

Content server had an Online-Service

Bandwidth between Content server and Customer is ensured

#### **Post-Conditions:**

Customer got/viewed an On-line Service

KeyServer got Ticket and Micro-payments

Bandwidth reservation is deleted

#### Non-functional Requirements (Security Requirements):

Any exchange of information between Participants should be done in a secure way. Retailer and Content Server should be able to identify clients that using provided services illegally.

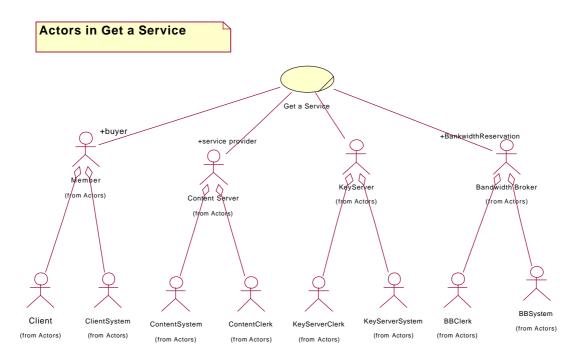
#### Main Course of Events:

- 1. [Customer] Sends the Ticket to the KeyServer of Content Server
- 2. [Customer] Sends micro-payments to Keyserver
- 3. [KeyServer] Sends decryption key to Customer
- 4. [Customer] Receives and decrypts messages (content)
- 5. Repeats event 2-4
- [1-5] Content Server broadcasts the content
- [1-5] We ISP supports QoS for the Customer

7/6/02

#### Actors in Get a Service

Documentation:



### **Payment**

#### Purpose:

The Purpose of this UC is that the Retailer redeem money to KeyServer, Content Server and Bandwidth Broker

#### Parameters:

The last second half of micropayment token

#### **Pre-Conditions:**

Key Server got Ticket and micro-payment tokens

#### **Post-Conditions:**

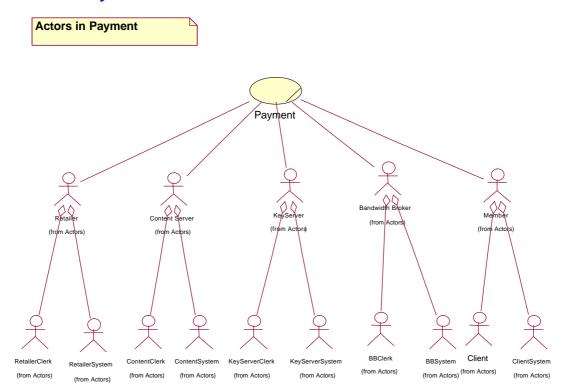
KeyServer got money from Retailer ContentServer got money from Retailer Bandwidth Broker got money from Retailer

#### Main Course of Events:

- 1. [KeyServer] Sends the Ticket identifier and the last received micro-payment token to Retailer.
- 2. [Retailer] Verifies the Ticket and the last micro-payment token

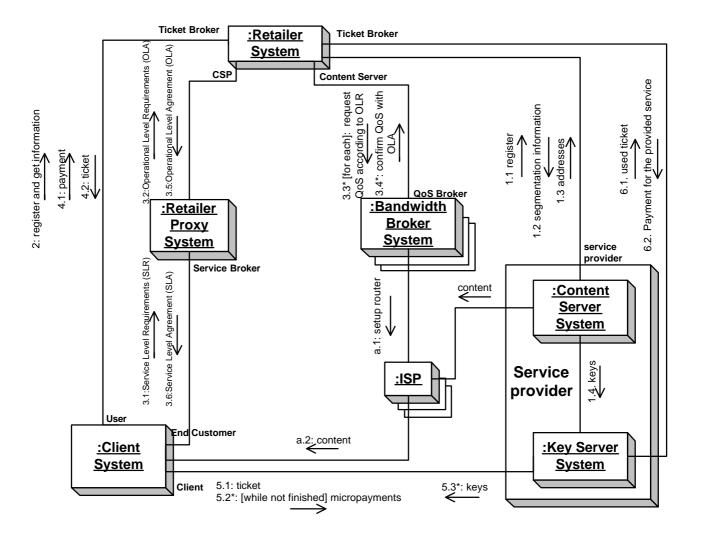
- 3. [Retailer] Calculates redeem money correspondent to Ticket and the last half token
- 4. [Retailer] Pays for KeyServer, ContentServer, RetailerProxy and Bandwidth Broker.

### Actors in Payment



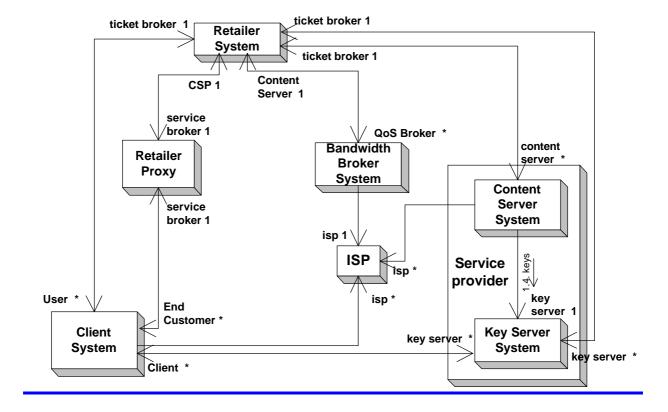
# "StreamCom General Architecture": an Example of the Business Scenario

The following collaboration diagram (instance level) represents a possible scenarios based on "Sell a service", "Get a Service" and "Payment" Collaborations. This typical scenario gives the general understanding of the main StreamCom Systems and the way how these system collaborate together.



7/6/02

The following collaboration diagram (specification level) specifies the main business systems, they relations and cardinalities.



# 3. IT System Design

The System Design in the StreamCom project (see Figure 2) represents the composition of 5 subsystems implemented by different programming partners. The specification of each subsystem includes the behavior (done with activity diagrams here) and state (done with class diagrams here) specifications.

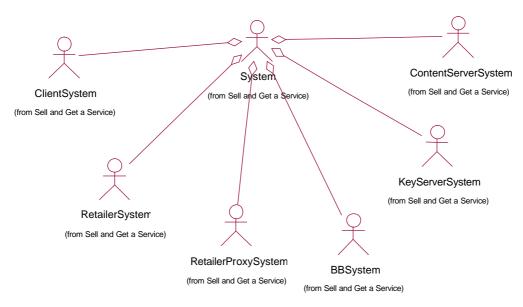
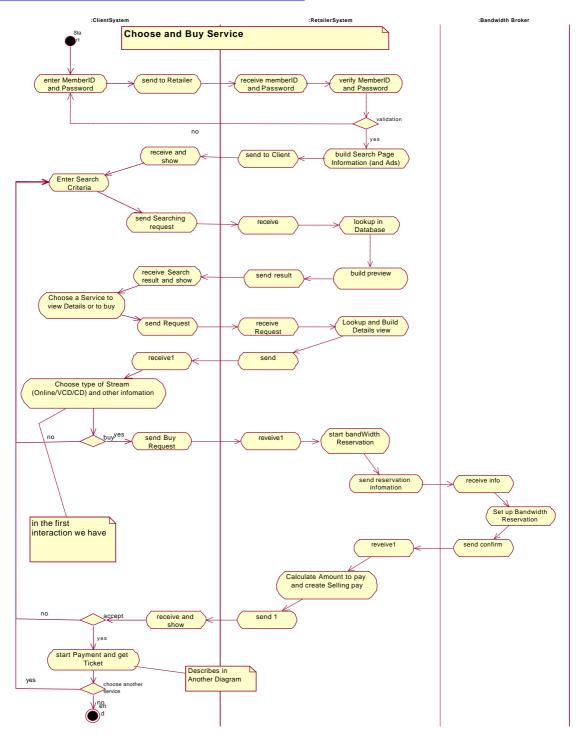
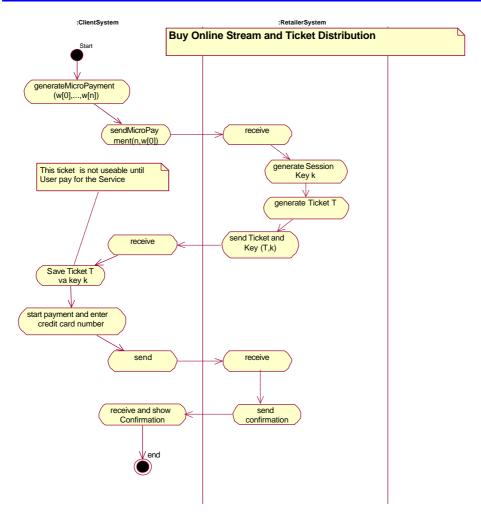


Figure 2 System in StreamCom Project

# **Activity Diagram: Choose Service**

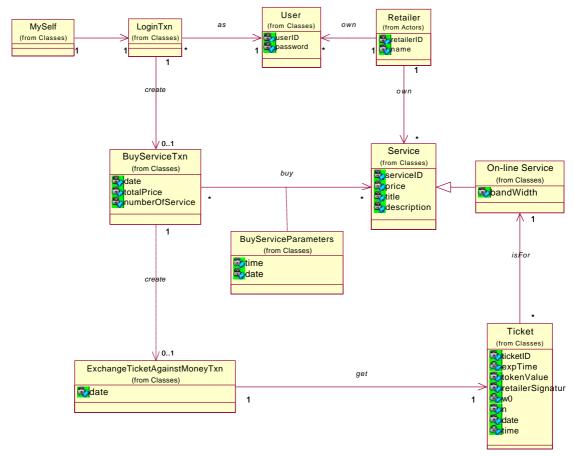


# **Activity Diagram: Buy Online Stream and Ticket Distribution**



## **Conceptual Model: ClientSystem View-Point**

## Conceptual Model : ClientSystem View-Point > Buy a Service



#### **Glossary**

#### **BuyServiceParameters**

Concept representing some information when buy a Service

#### **On-line Service**

Concept representing a Service in form of an Online Service **MySelf** 

#### User

Concept representing one User of the System, i.e. a Member

#### Retailer

A Retailer sells streams (provided by the Content Provider) to Customer

#### **Ticket**

Concept representing a ticket that is used to get an online Service

#### LoginTxn

Concept representing information regarding the action of a Customer login on the System

#### **Service**

Concept representing any kind of Service

### Exchange Ticket Against Money Txn

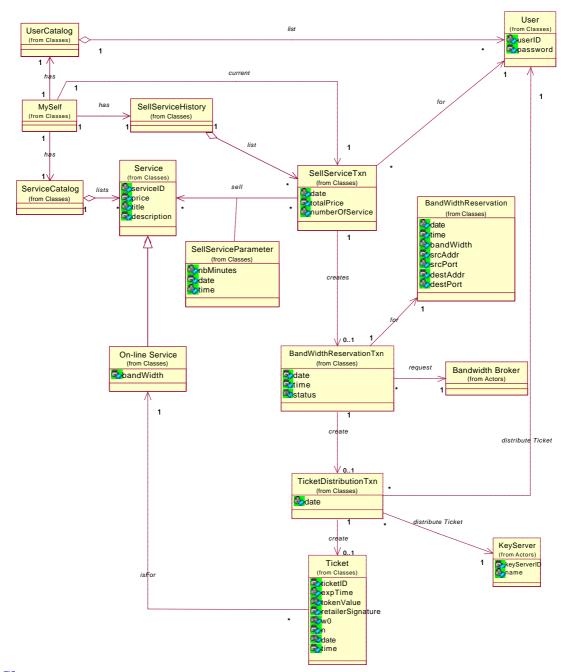
Concept representing information regarding the action of buying Ticket for an online service

## **BuyServiceTxn**

Concept representing information regarding the action of buying Services

### **Conceptual Model: Retailer System View-Point**

Conceptual Model :
RetailerSystem View-Point > Sell a Service



#### **Glossary**

#### **SellServiceParameter**

Concept representing the different way a Service can be bought, i.e. payment per views, payment per time and payment per copy

#### **ServiceCatalog**

Concept representing all ServiceSpecs

#### **SellServiceHistory**

Concept representing all past Sell Service Transactions

#### **Service**

Concept representing any kind of Service

#### **MySelf**

#### **On-line Service**

Concept representing a Service in form of an Online Service

#### **Bandwidth Broker**

A BandWidth Broker BB is responsible for the bandwidth reservation

#### **BandWidthReservation**

Concept representing the bandwidth reserve for an on line service

#### **UserCatalog**

Concept representing all User concepts

#### **SellServiceTxn**

Concept representing information regarding the action of selling one or several Services

#### **Ticket**

Concept representing a ticket that is used to get an online Service

#### **KeyServer**

A Key Server works like a Digital Rigth Manager. It is responsible for the digital keys distribution used for encrypting and decrypting online streams

#### BandWidthReservationTxn

Concept representing information regarding the action of reserving the bandWidth

#### User

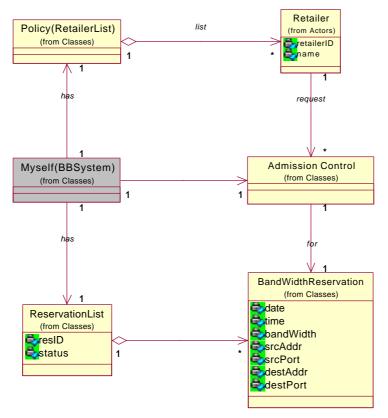
Concept representing one User of the System, i.e. a Member

#### Ticket Distribution Txn

Concept representing information regarding the action of distributing the Ticket

### **Conceptual Model: BBystem View-Point**

Conceptual Model Sell a service : BandWidth Broker View-Point > Buy a Service > BandWidth Reseration



#### **Glossary**

#### Policy(RetailerList)

Concept representing all Retailer that has administrative permission to make reservation

#### ReservationList

Concept representing all BandWidth Reservation

Myself(BBSystem)

#### Retailer

A Retailer sells streams (provided by the Content Provider) to Customer

#### **BandWidthReservation**

Concept representing the bandwidth reserve for an on line service

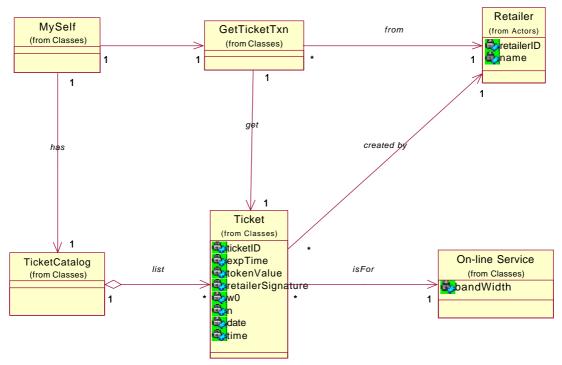
#### **Admission Control**

Concept representing the action of setup Bandwidth Reservation

### **Conceptual Model: KeyServer View-Point**

### **Conceptual Model:**

KeyServer View-Point > Buy a Service > Get Ticket



#### **Glossary**

#### Retailer

A Retailer sells streams (provided by the Content Provider) to Customer

#### **On-line Service**

Concept representing a Service in form of an Online Service

#### **GetTicketTxn**

Concept representing information regarding the action of getting Ticket that is stand for money

#### **MySelf**

#### **Ticket**

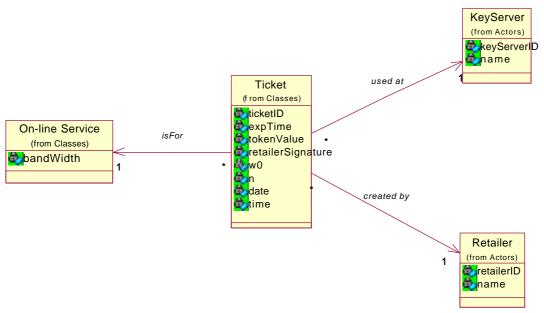
Concept representing a ticket that is used to get an online Service

#### **TicketCatalog**

Concept representing all current Ticket of KeyServer

### **Conceptual Model: Ticket**

#### **Conceptual Model for Ticket**



#### **Glossary**

#### **KeyServer**

A Key Server works like a Digital Rigth Manager. It is responsible for the digital keys distribution used for encrypting and decrypting online streams

#### Retailer

A Retailer sells streams (provided by the Content Provider) to Customer

#### **Ticket**

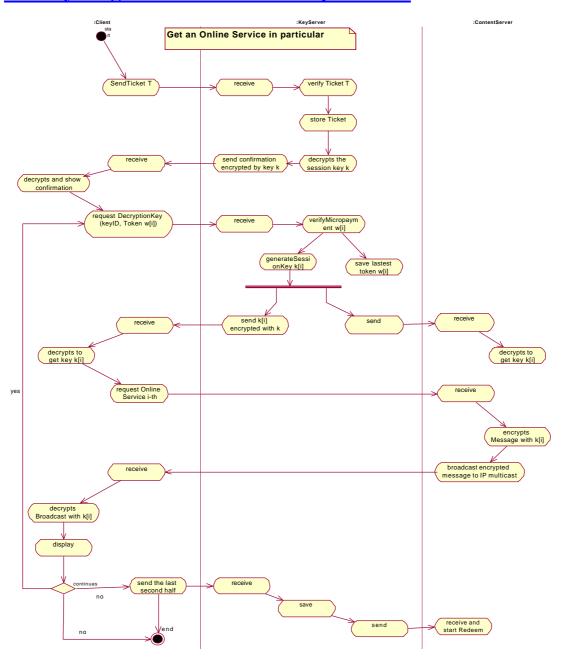
Concept representing a ticket that is used to get an online Service

#### **On-line Service**

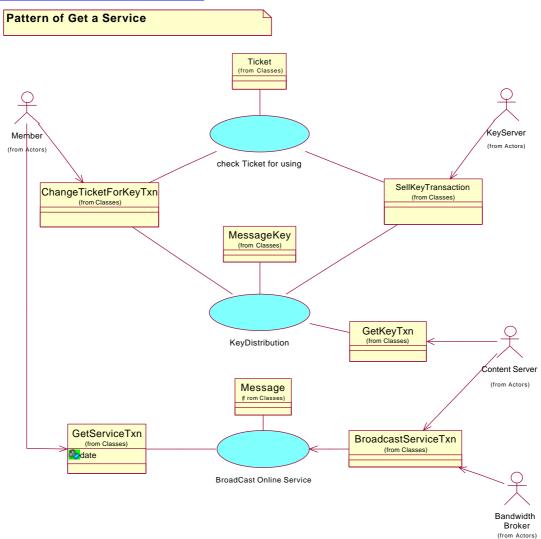
Concept representing a Service in form of an Online Service

# 3.1.1. Get a Service

# **Activity Diagram: Get a Service in particular**



### Pattern of Get a Service



#### **Glossary**

#### **Ticket**

Concept representing a ticket that is used to get an online Service

#### **MessageKey**

Concept representing key to decrypt or encrypt a message that is a part of an Online Service

#### Message

Concept representing a message that is a part of an Online Service

#### ChangeTicketForKeyTxn

Concept representing information regarding the action of change Ticket for Key that is used to decrypt the online Service

#### **Member**

#### **GetServiceTxn**

Concept representing information regarding the action of getting a message that is a part of an Online Servie

#### **Content Server**

A Content Server disseminates service to Customer by broadcasting encrypted message which is a part of a stream

#### **GetKeyTxn**

Concept representing information regarding the action of getting key that is used to encrypt message before broadcasting

#### **Bandwidth Broker**

A BandWidth Broker BB is responsible for the bandwidth reservation

#### ${\bf Broadcast Service Txn}$

Concept represent information regarding the action of encrypting and broadcasting a message of an Online Service

#### **KeyServer**

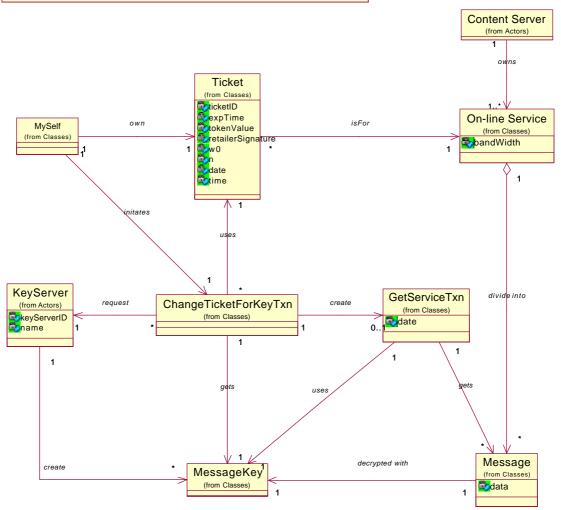
A Key Server works like a Digital Rigth Manager. It is responsible for the digital keys distribution used for encrypting and decrypting online streams

#### **SellKeyTransaction**

Concept representing information regarding the action of selling key that is used to encrypt or decrypt a message of an online service

### **Conceptual Model: ClientSystem View-Point**

Conceptual Model :Get a Service
ClientSystem View-Point > Get an Online Service



#### **Glossary**

#### **Content Server**

A Content Server disseminates service to Customer by broadcasting encrypted message which is a part of a stream

#### Message

Concept representing a message that is a part of an Online Service

#### **On-line Service**

Concept representing a Service in form of an Online Service

#### **KeyServer**

A Key Server works like a Digital Rigth Manager. It is responsible for the digital keys distribution used for encrypting and decrypting online streams

#### **GetServiceTxn**

Concept representing information regarding the action of getting a message that is a part of an Online Servie

#### MessageKey

Concept representing key to decrypt or encrypt a message that is a part of an Online Service

#### **Ticket**

Concept representing a ticket that is used to get an online Service

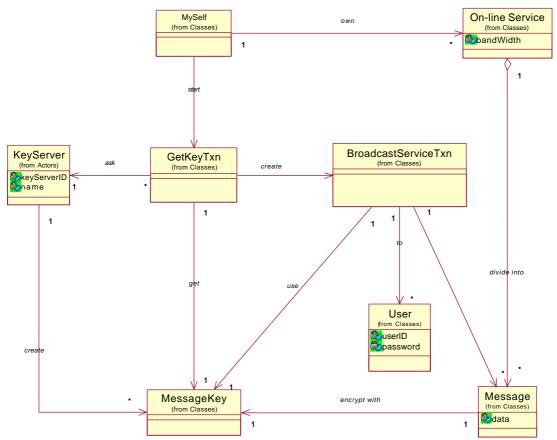
### ChangeTicketForKeyTxn

Concept representing information regarding the action of change Ticket for Key that is used to decrypt the online Service

### **MySelf**

### **Conceptual Model: ContentSystem View-Point**

Conceptual Model : BroadCast Online Service Content View-Point > BroadCast Online Service



#### **Glossary**

#### **MySelf**

#### **On-line Service**

Concept representing a Service in form of an Online Service

#### **KeyServer**

A Key Server works like a Digital Rigth Manager. It is responsible for the digital keys distribution used for encrypting and decrypting online streams

#### User

Concept representing one User of the System, i.e. a Member

#### **GetKeyTxn**

Concept representing information regarding the action of getting key that is used to encrypt message before broadcasting

#### **Message**

Concept representing a message that is a part of an Online Service

#### MessageKey

Concept representing key to decrypt or encrypt a message that is a part of an Online Service

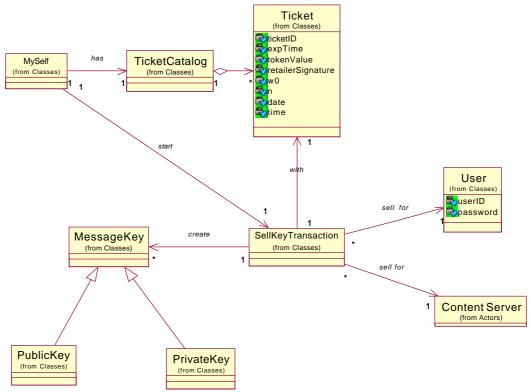
#### **BroadcastServiceTxn**

Concept represent information regarding the action of encrypting and broadcasting a message of an Online Service

## **Conceptual Model: KeyServer View-Point**

Conceptual Model: Get a Service

KeyServer View-Point > Get Online Service > Sell Keys



#### **Glossary**

#### **PublicKey**

Concept representing public key that is used to encrypt the message

#### **PrivateKey**

Concept representing public key that is used to encrypt the message

#### User

Concept representing one User of the System, i.e. a Member

#### **MessageKey**

Concept representing key to decrypt or encrypt a message that is a part of an Online Service

#### **Content Server**

A Content Server disseminates service to Customer by broadcasting encrypted message which is a part of a stream

#### **Ticket**

Concept representing a ticket that is used to get an online Service

#### **TicketCatalog**

Concept representing all current Ticket of KeyServer

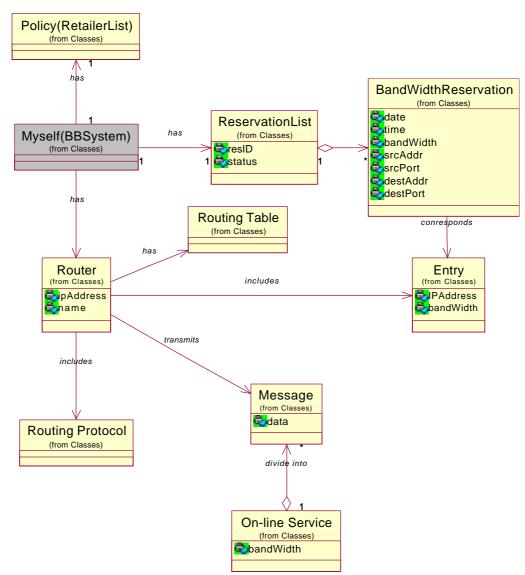
#### **SellKeyTransaction**

Concept representing information regarding the action of selling key that is used to encrypt or decrypt a message of an online service

MySelf

### **Conceptual Model: BBSystem View-Point**

Conceptual Model Get a Service : BBSystem View-Point



#### **Glossary**

#### **BandWidthReservation**

Concept representing the bandwidth reserve for an on line service

#### ReservationList

Concept representing all BandWidth Reservation

#### Policy(RetailerList)

Concept representing all Retailer that has administrative permission to make reservation

#### **On-line Service**

Concept representing a Service in form of an Online Service **Routing Protocol** 

Concept representing rounting protocol using in a router **Entry** 

Myself(BBSystem)

#### Message

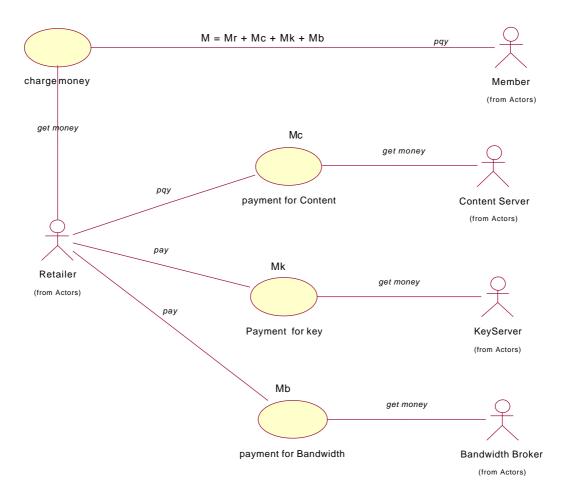
Concept representing a message that is a part of an Online Service **Routing Table** 

Router

#### **3.1.2. Payment**

Payment

## **Payment Collaboration**



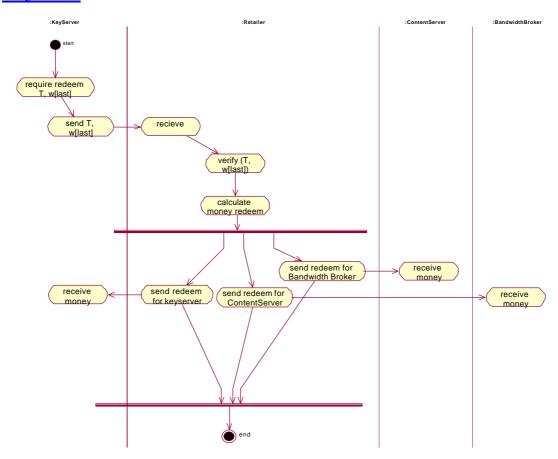
M = Mr + Mc + Mk + Mb

Mr = Money for Retailer

Mc = Money for Content Server

Mk = Money for Key Server Mb = Money for Bandwidth Broker

## **Payment**

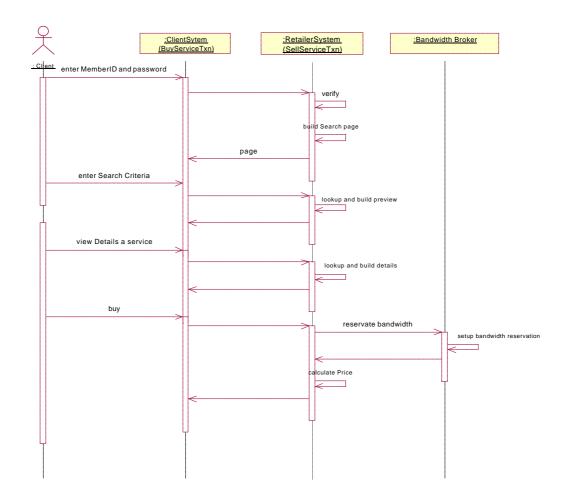


# 4.IT System Implementation

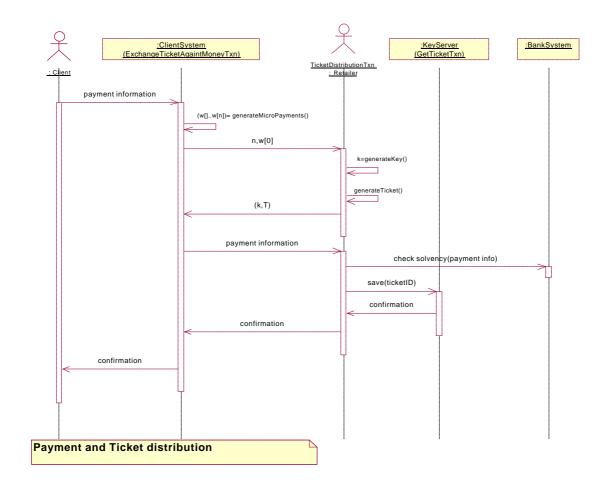
# 4.1. Sell and Get a Service

# 4.1.1. Sell a Service

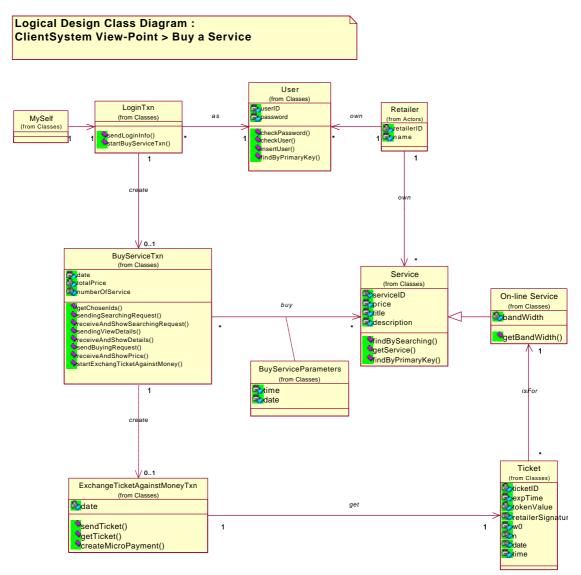
## **Sequence Diagram: Choose a Service**



## **Sequence Diagram: Buy a Service**



## **Logical Desgin Class Diagram: Client System View-Point**



#### **Glossary**

#### **BuyServiceParameters**

Concept representing some information when buy a Service

#### **On-line Service**

Concept representing a Service in form of an Online Service **MySelf** 

#### User

Concept representing one User of the System, i.e. a Member

#### Retailer

A Retailer sells streams (provided by the Content Provider) to Customer  ${f Ticket}$ 

Concept representing a ticket that is used to get an online Service

### LoginTxn

Concept representing information regarding the action of a Customer login on the System

#### **Service**

Concept representing any kind of Service

## **ExchangeTicketAgainstMoneyTxn**

Concept representing information regarding the action of buying Ticket for an online service

#### **BuyServiceTxn**

Concept representing information regarding the action of buying Services

#### Logical Design Class Diagram : Retailer View-Point > Sell a Service userID list UserCatalog checkPassword() checkUser() insertUser() findByPrimaryKey() MySelf SellServiceHistory (from Classes) (from Classes Service totalPrice numberOfService erviceID getChoenServiceIds() ServiceCatalog price addService() (from Classes) addService() removeService() calculateTotalPrice() startExchangeTicket() setUser() createtransaction() saveTransaction() saddServield() description findBySearching() getService() findByPrimaryKey() SellServiceParameter addServield() nbMinutes Bandwidth Broker BandWidthReservationTxn On-line Service (from Classes) date bandWidth time status getBandWidth() lowDesc() checkStatus() setDesc() **₩** 0..1 TicketDistributionTxn Ticket om Classes (from Classes) ticketID expTime receiveMicroPayment() KeyServer tokenValue sendKey() reveicePayment() checkSolvency() receiveConfirm()

## **Logical Design Class Diagram: RetailerSystem View-Point**

#### **Glossary**

#### **SellServiceParameter**

Concept representing the different way a Service can be bought, i.e. payment per views, payment per time and payment per copy

endConfirm()

#### **Ticket**

Concept representing a ticket that is used to get an online Service

#### **KeyServer**

A Key Server works like a Digital Rigth Manager. It is responsible for the digital keys distribution used for encrypting and decrypting online streams

#### **On-line Service**

Concept representing a Service in form of an Online Service

#### **Bandwidth Broker**

A BandWidth Broker BB is responsible for the bandwidth reservation

#### **ServiceCatalog**

Concept representing all ServiceSpecs

#### **UserCatalog**

Concept representing all User concepts

#### Ticket Distribution Txn

Concept representing information regarding the action of distributing the Ticket **SellServiceHistory** 

Concept representing all past Sell Service Transactions

#### **Service**

Concept representing any kind of Service

#### BandWidthReservationTxn

Concept representing information regarding the action of reserving the bandWidth  $\mathbf{MySelf}$ 

#### User

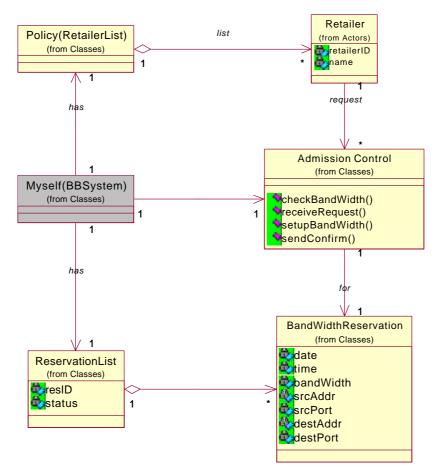
Concept representing one User of the System, i.e. a Member

#### **SellServiceTxn**

Concept representing information regarding the action of selling one or several Services

## Logical Design Class Diagram: BBSystem View-Point

# Logical Design Class Diagram : BBSystem View-Point > Buy a Service > Bandwidth Reservation



#### **Glossary**

#### Policy(RetailerList)

Concept representing all Retailer that has administrative permission to make reservation

#### ReservationList

Concept representing all BandWidth Reservation **Myself(BBSystem)** 

#### Retailer

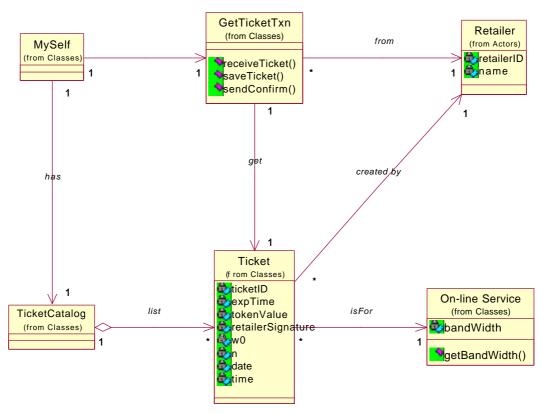
A Retailer sells streams (provided by the Content Provider) to Customer **BandWidthReservation** 

Concept representing the bandwidth reserve for an on line service **Admission Control** 

Concept representing the action of setup Bandwidth Reservation

## Logical Desgin Class Diagram: KeyServer View-Point

Logical Design Class Diagram : KeyServer View-Point > Buy a Service > Get Ticket



### **Glossary**

#### Retailer

A Retailer sells streams (provided by the Content Provider) to Customer

#### **On-line Service**

Concept representing a Service in form of an Online Service

#### **GetTicketTxn**

Concept representing information regarding the action of getting Ticket that is stand for money

#### **MySelf**

#### **Ticket**

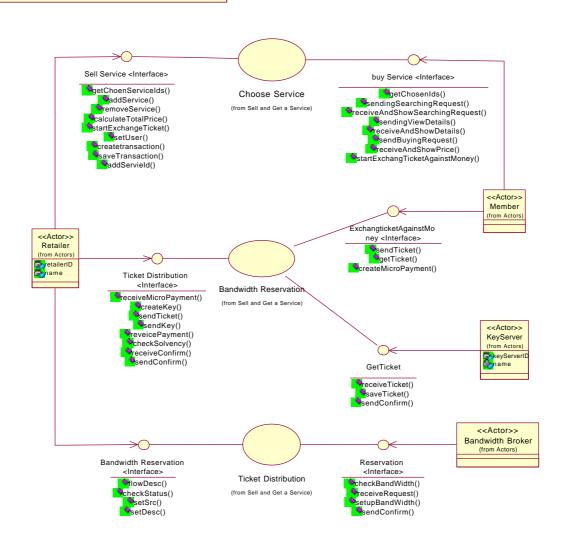
Concept representing a ticket that is used to get an online Service

#### **TicketCatalog**

Concept representing all current Ticket of KeyServer

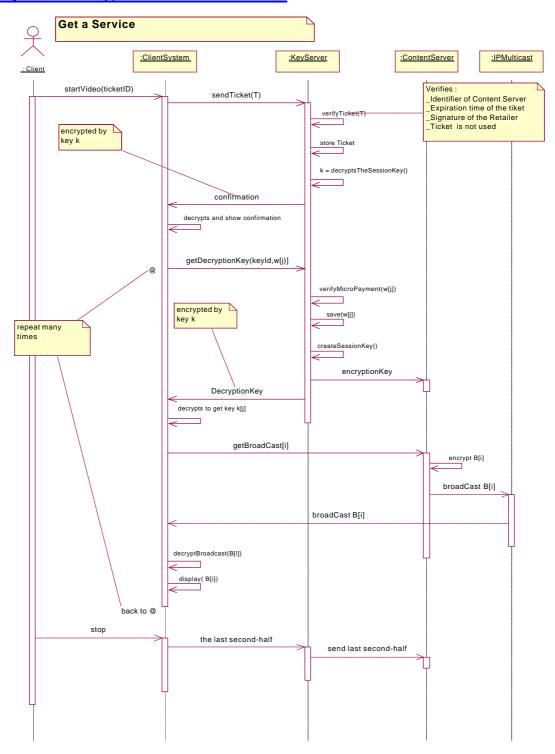
## **Interfaces in Get a Service**

#### Interfaces in Sell Service



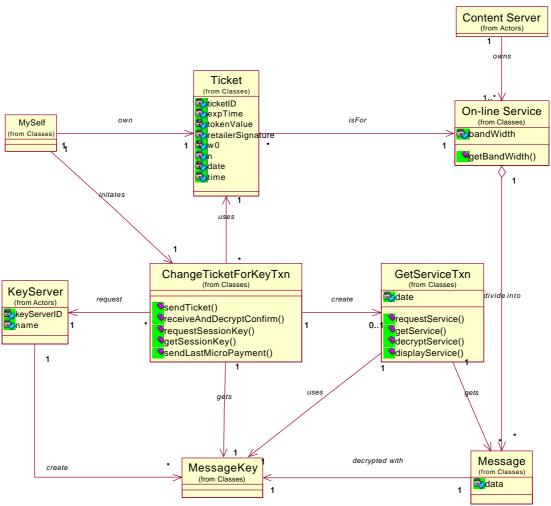
## 4.1.2. Get a Service

## **Sequence Diagram : Get a Service**



## **Logical Design Class Diagram: ClientSystem View-Point**

Logical Design Class Diagram :
Client View-Point > Get an Online-Service



#### **Glossary**

#### **Content Server**

A Content Server disseminates service to Customer by broadcasting encrypted message which is a part of a stream

#### Message

Concept representing a message that is a part of an Online Service

#### **On-line Service**

Concept representing a Service in form of an Online Service

#### **KeyServer**

A Key Server works like a Digital Rigth Manager. It is responsible for the digital keys distribution used for encrypting and decrypting online streams

#### **GetServiceTxn**

Concept representing information regarding the action of getting a message that is a part of an Online Servie

### MessageKey

Concept representing key to decrypt or encrypt a message that is a part of an Online Service

#### **Ticket**

Concept representing a ticket that is used to get an online Service

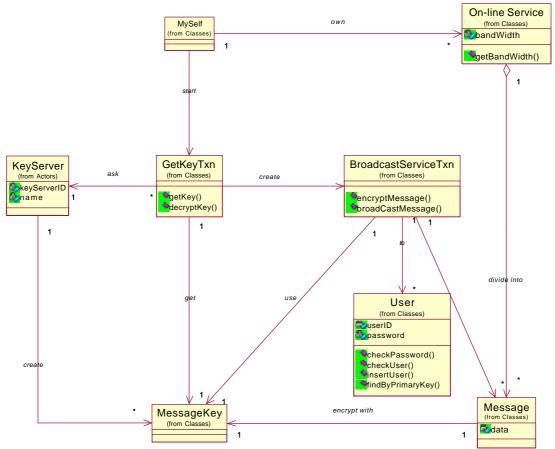
### ChangeTicketForKeyTxn

Concept representing information regarding the action of change Ticket for Key that is used to decrypt the online Service

### **MySelf**

## Logical Design Class Diagram: ContentServer View-Point

Logical Design Class Diagram : Get a Service ContentServer View-Point > BroadCast Online Service



#### **Glossary**

#### **MySelf**

#### **On-line Service**

Concept representing a Service in form of an Online Service

#### **KeyServer**

A Key Server works like a Digital Rigth Manager. It is responsible for the digital keys distribution used for encrypting and decrypting online streams

#### User

Concept representing one User of the System, i.e. a Member

#### **GetKeyTxn**

Concept representing information regarding the action of getting key that is used to encrypt message before broadcasting

#### Message

Concept representing a message that is a part of an Online Service

#### MessageKey

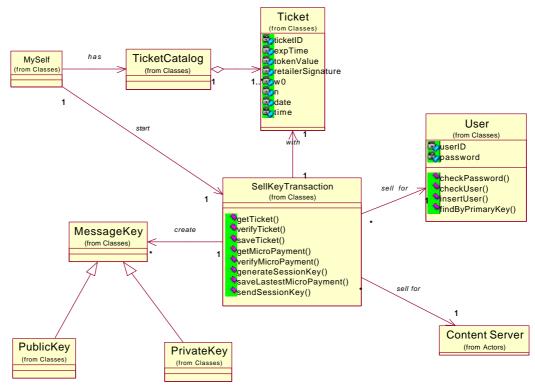
Concept representing key to decrypt or encrypt a message that is a part of an Online Service

#### ${\bf Broadcast Service Txn}$

Concept represent information regarding the action of encrypting and broadcasting a message of an Online Service

### Logical Design Class Diagram: KeyServer View-Point

Logical Desgin Class Diagram : Sell Keys KeyServer View-Point > Get Online Service > Sell Keys



#### **Glossary**

#### **PublicKey**

Concept representing public key that is used to encrypt the message

#### **PrivateKey**

Concept representing public key that is used to encrypt the message

#### User

Concept representing one User of the System, i.e. a Member

#### MessageKey

Concept representing key to decrypt or encrypt a message that is a part of an Online Service

#### **Content Server**

A Content Server disseminates service to Customer by broadcasting encrypted message which is a part of a stream

#### **Ticket**

Concept representing a ticket that is used to get an online Service

#### **TicketCatalog**

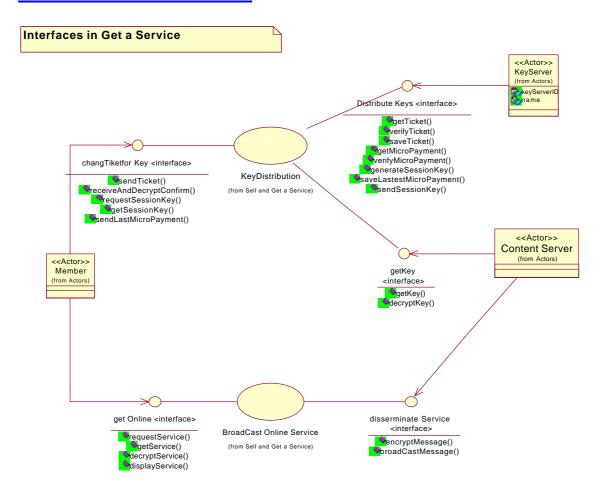
Concept representing all current Ticket of KeyServer

#### **SellKeyTransaction**

Concept representing information regarding the action of selling key that is used to encrypt or decrypt a message of an online service

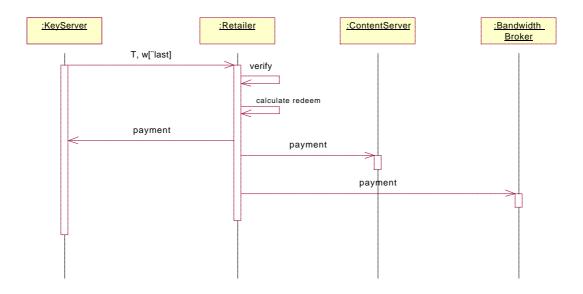
MySelf

## **Interfaces in Get a Service**



# **4.1.3.** <u>Redeem</u>

## Redeem



Sequence Diagram : Redeem process