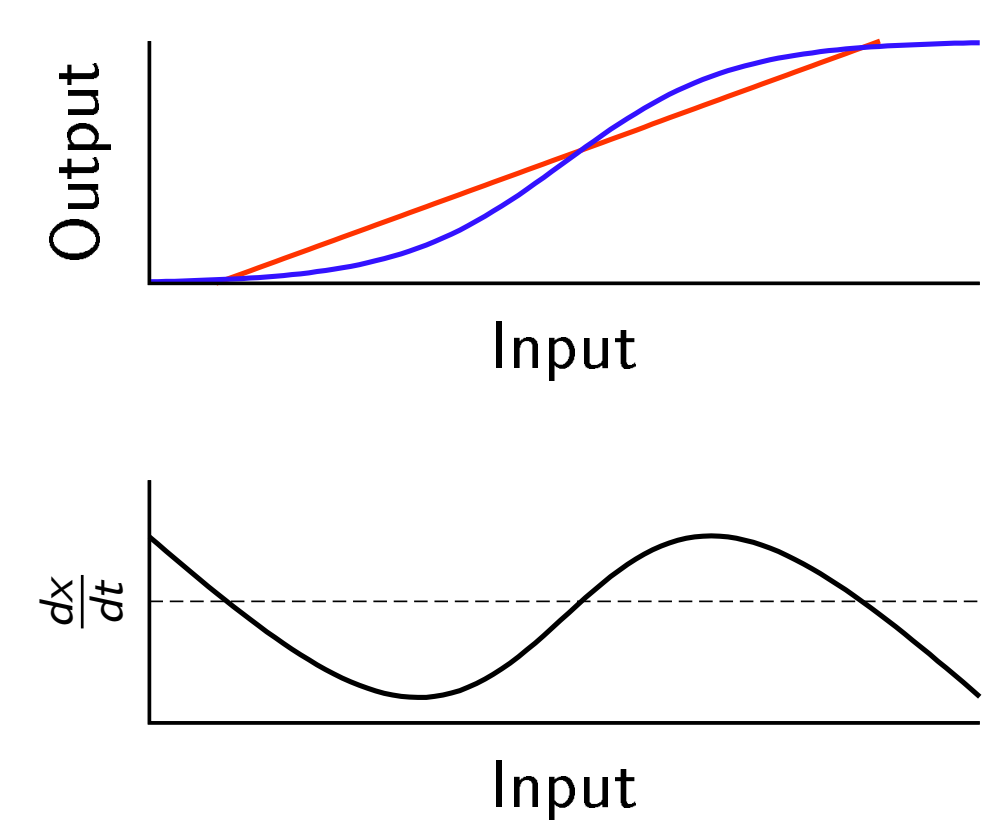


## Multi-Stability Needs Non-Linearity

### Ingredients

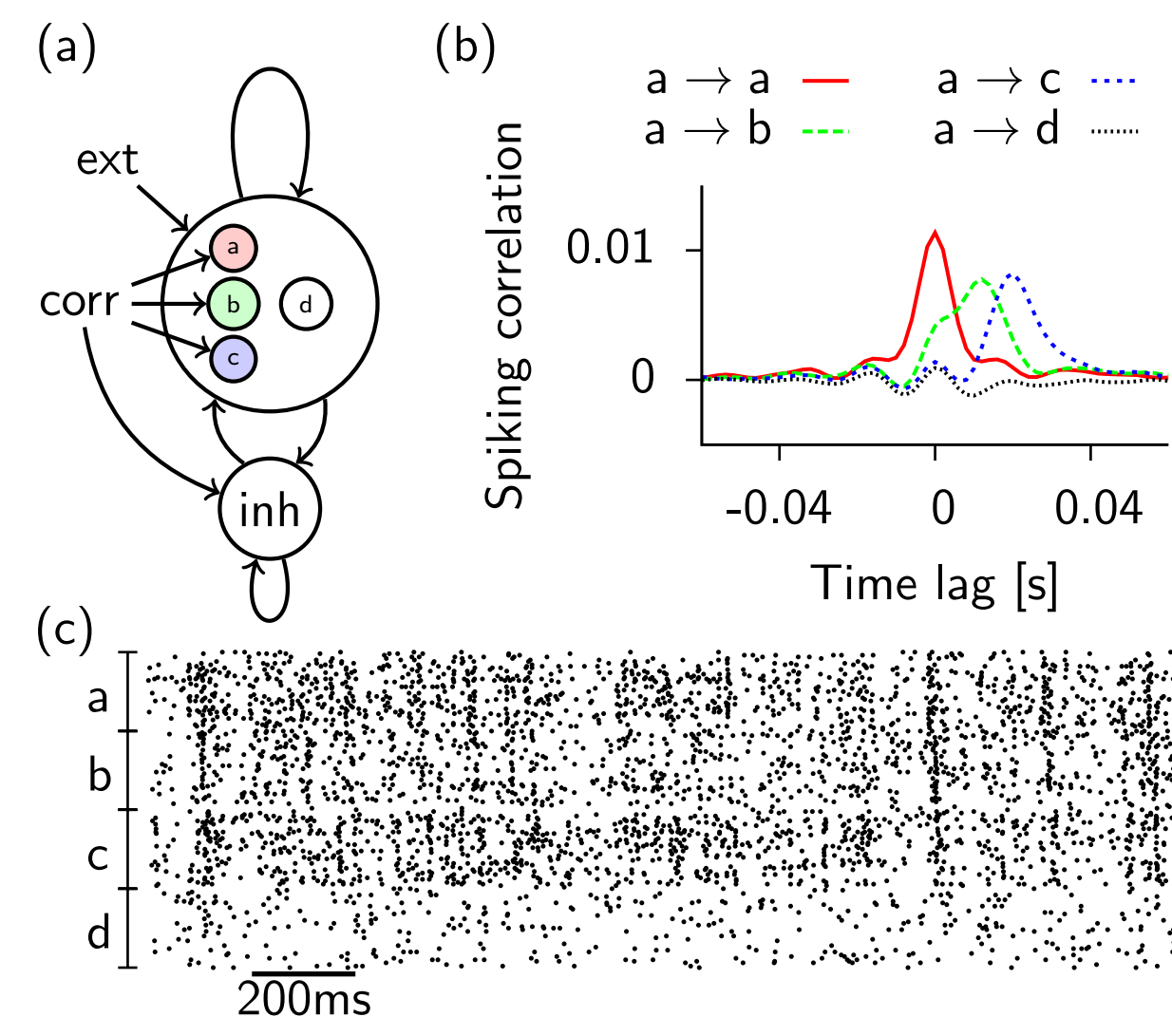
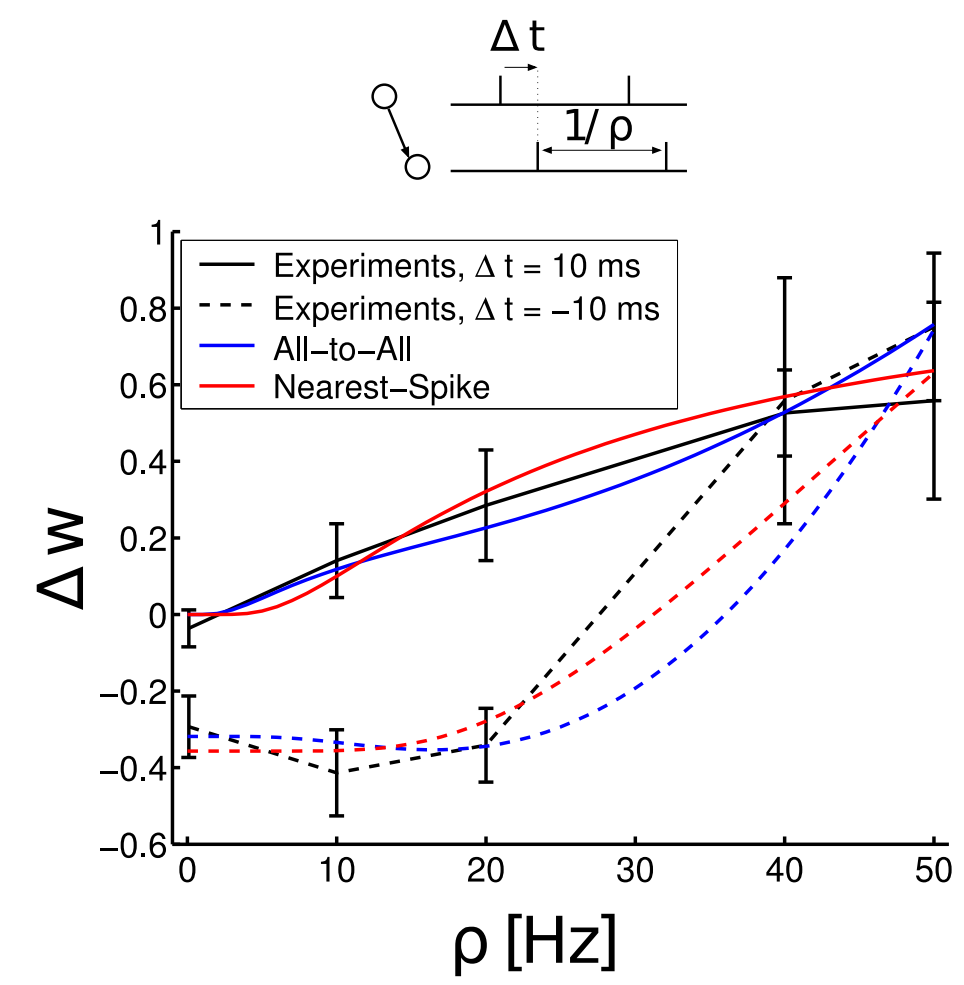
- Excitatory recurrent feed-back (Hopfield, 1982)
- Non-linearity (e.g. inhibitory feedback (Amit & Brunel, 1997) and STP (Mongillo *et al.*, 2012))

**Question:**  
How is the connectivity learned?



## Learning Symmetric Connectivity with STDP

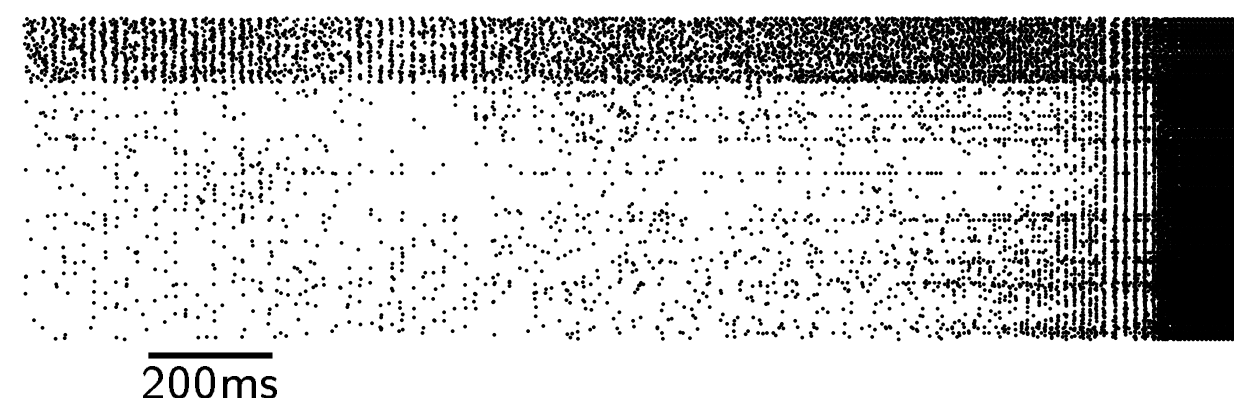
### Triplet STDP



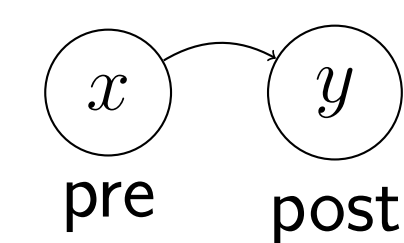
- Can learn symmetric connectivity
- Assemblies activate at high rates
- Networks become unstable

Adapted from Pfister & Gerstner (2006),  
Data from Sjöström *et al.* (2001)

- Triplet Models describe experimental data
- Can account for symmetric connectivity



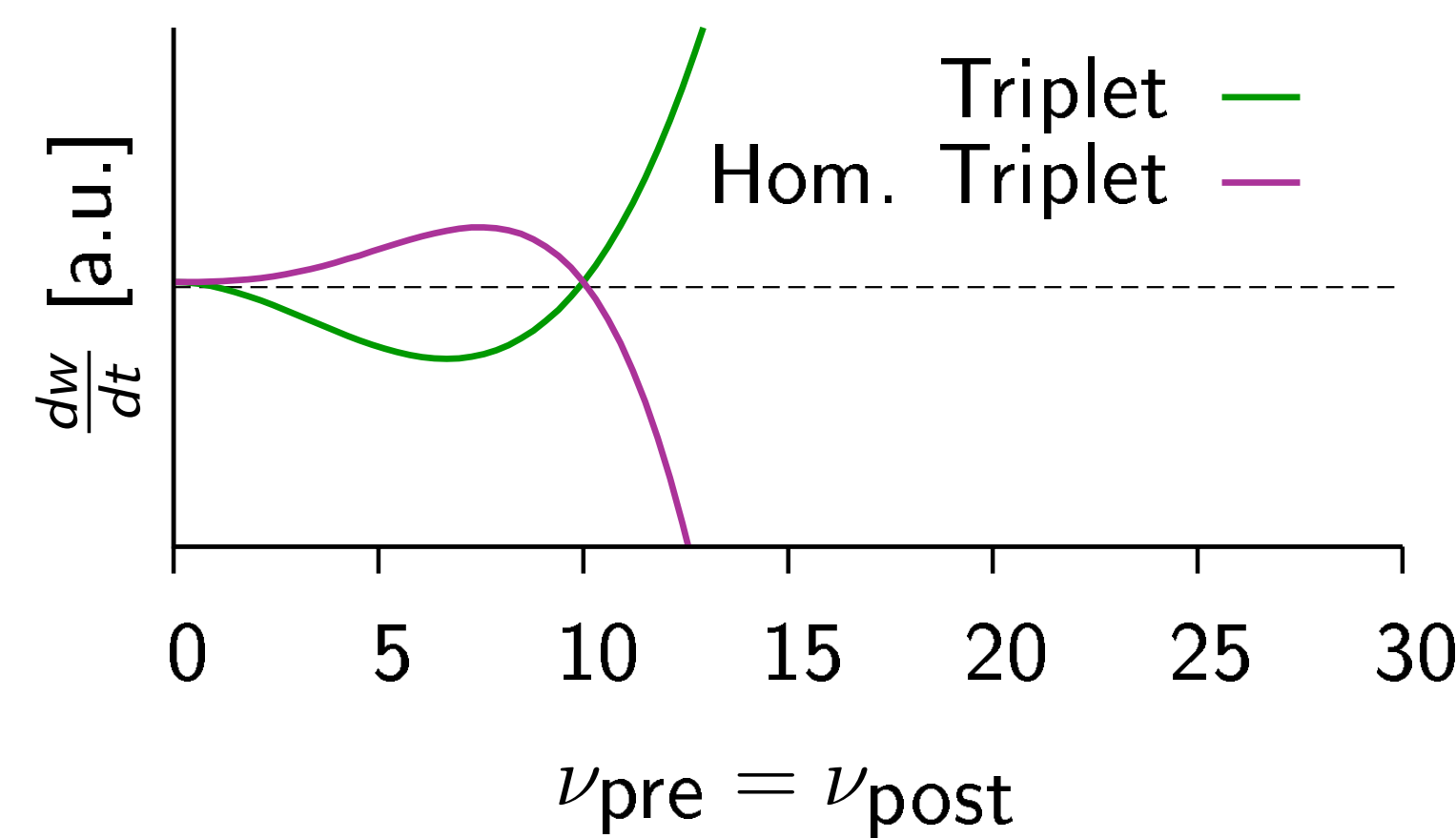
## One Stable Fixed Point is Not Enough



$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \eta xy (y - \kappa)$$

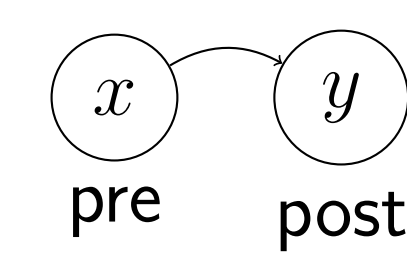
Recurrent case:

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \eta y^2 (y - \kappa)$$



e.g.: Triplet model (Pfister & Gerstner, 2006), voltage-based triplet (Clopath *et al.*, 2010)

## Additional Fixed Point: Heterosynaptic Plasticity

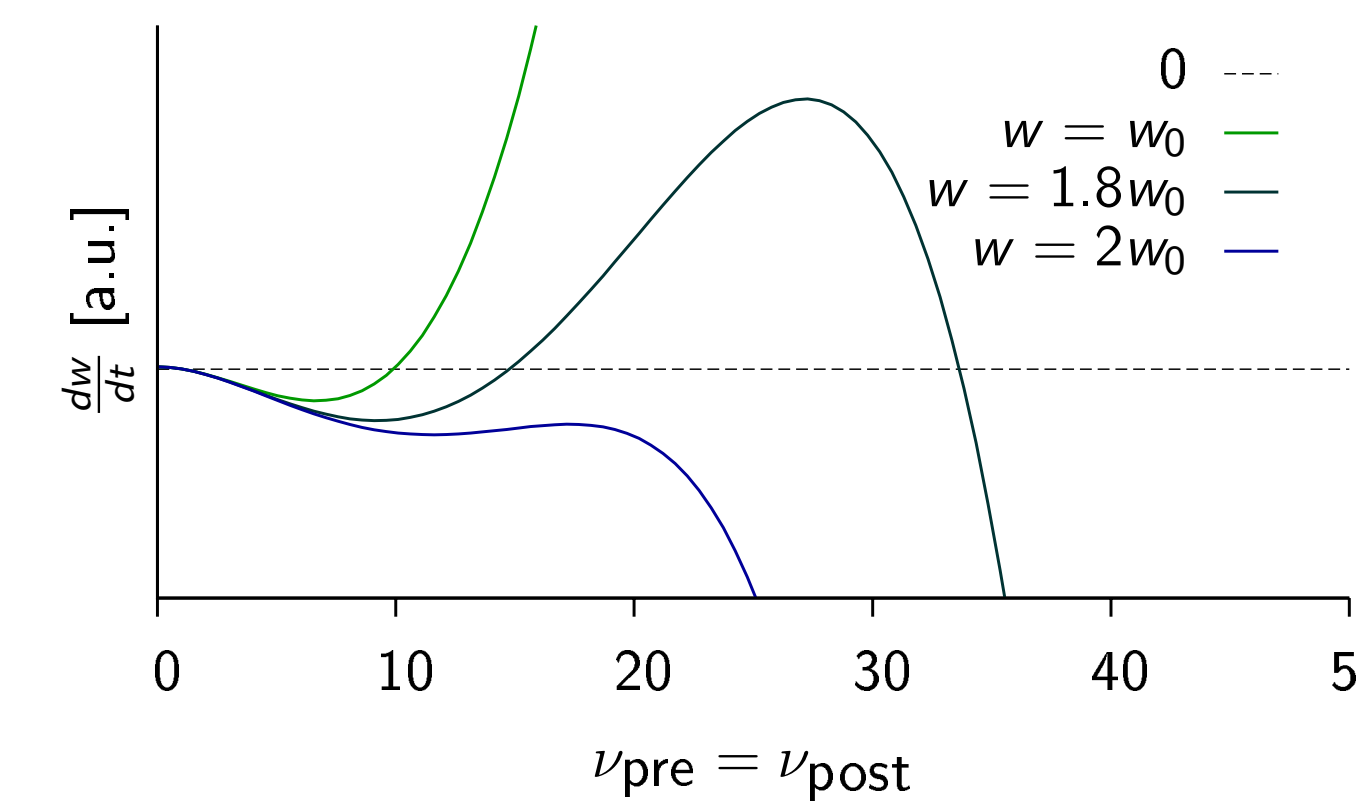


$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \eta xy (y - \kappa) - \xi (?) y^k$$

Recurrent case:

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \eta y^2 (y - \kappa) - \xi (?) y^k$$

where  $k \geq 4$ .

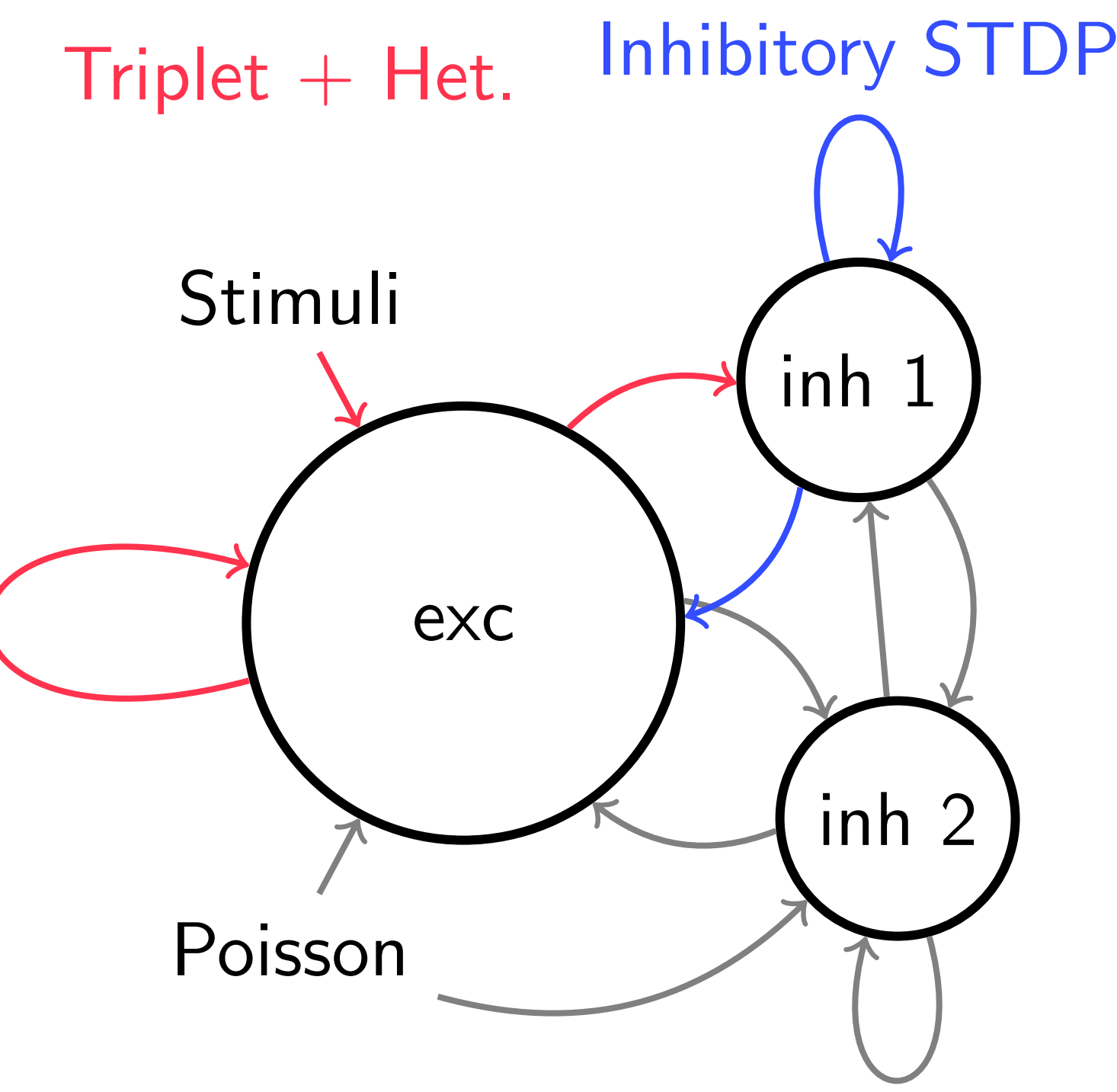
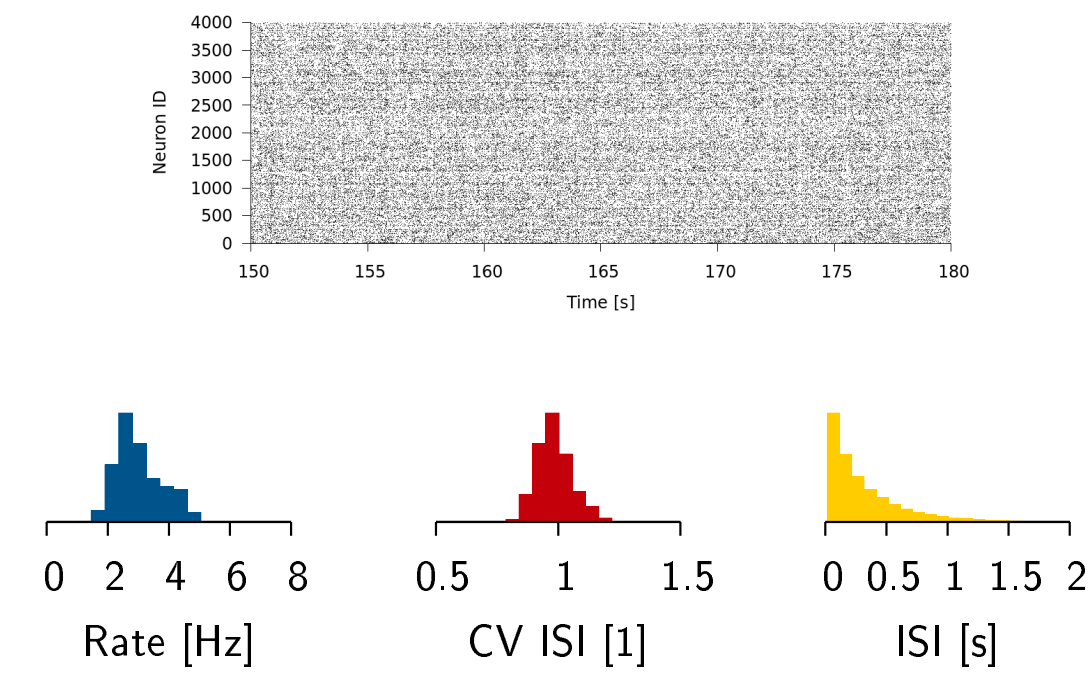


Experimental support Lee *et al.* (2012)  
Qualitative agreement with Chen *et al.* (2013)

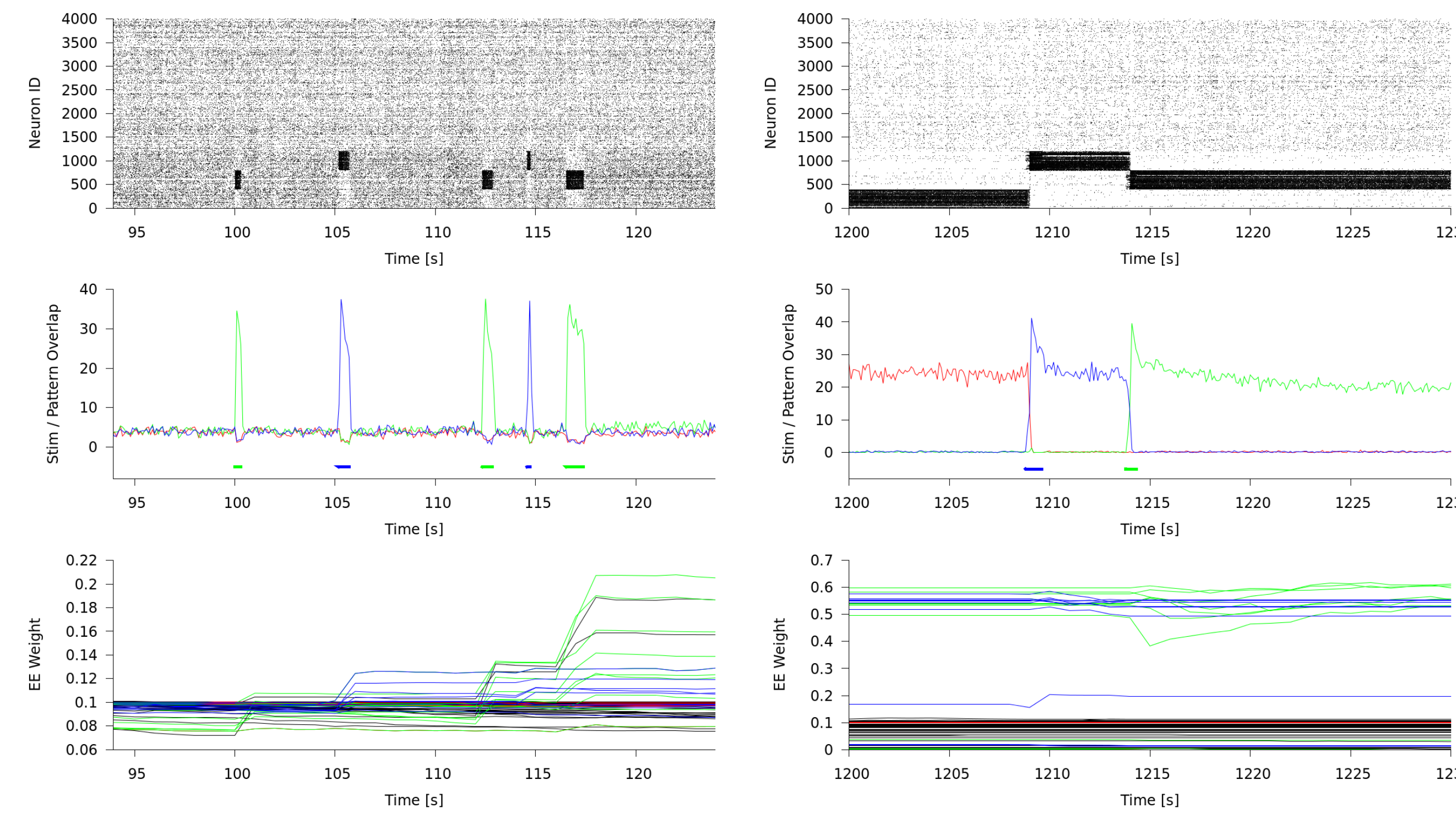
## Recurrent Spiking Network with STDP

### Model details

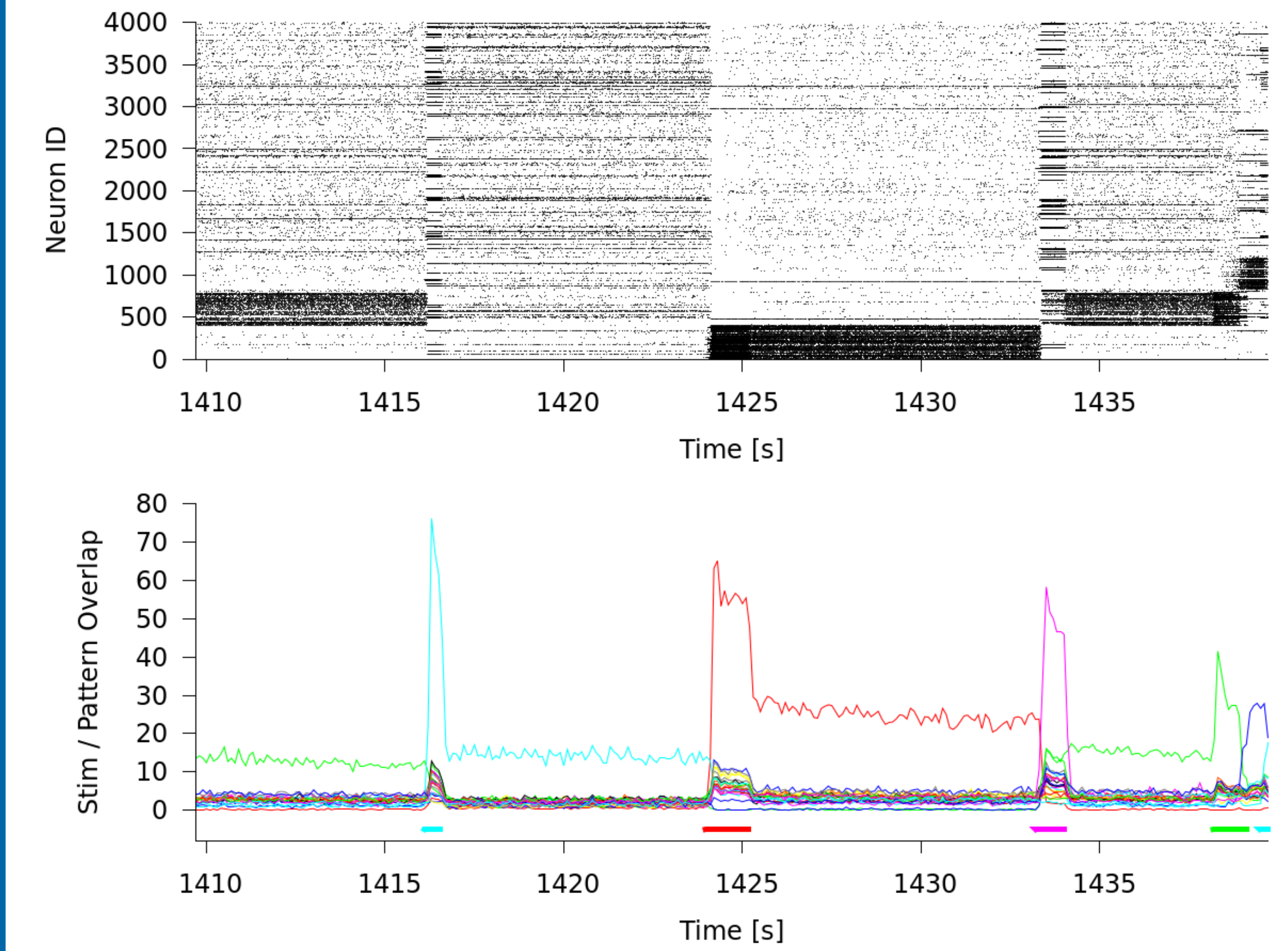
- 5000 leaky integrate-and-fire neurons (4000:500:500) with conductance based synapses and adaptation
- Short term plasticity (Tsodyks Markram Model:  $\tau_r = 0.6s$ ,  $\tau_d = 0.2s$ ,  $U = 0.2$ )
- Two inhibitory populations
- Triplet STDP with heterosynaptic plasticity



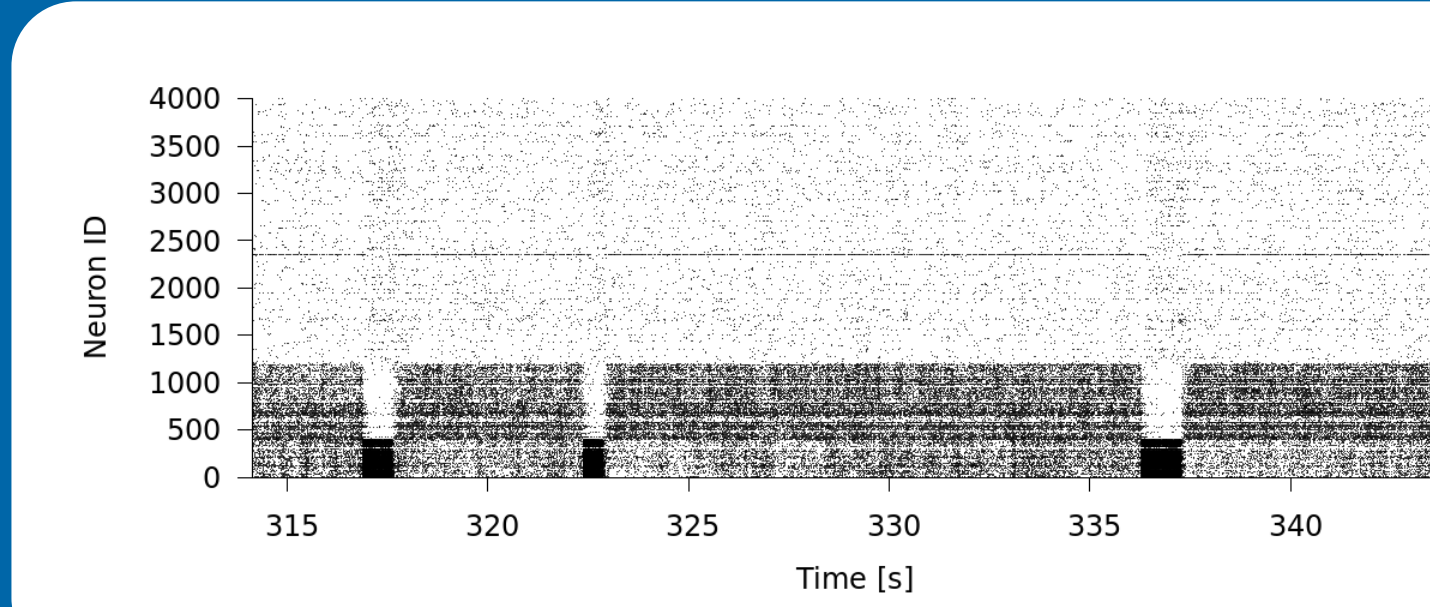
### Correlated Input Leads to Formation of Cell Assemblies:



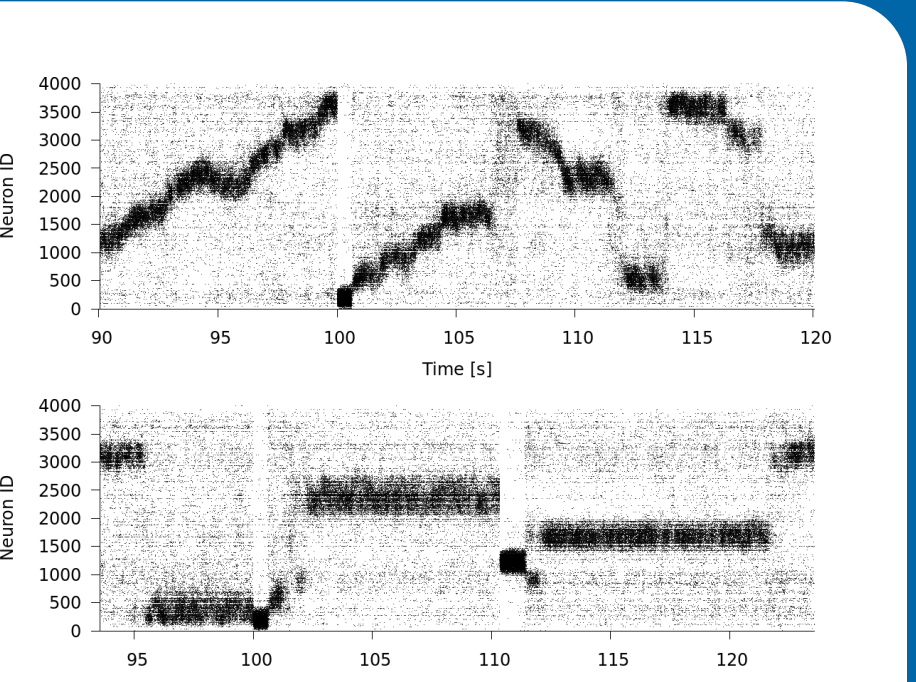
## Result: Emergence of Multi-Stability



## Without "inh 1"



## Stabilizes Drift



## Inhibitory Plasticity

$$\frac{dw^{\text{inh}}}{dt} \propto \alpha x + \beta y - xy - \gamma$$

- Implemented as STDP rule
- Dis-inhibits neurons within the same pattern
- Cross-inhibits neurons in different patterns

## References

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